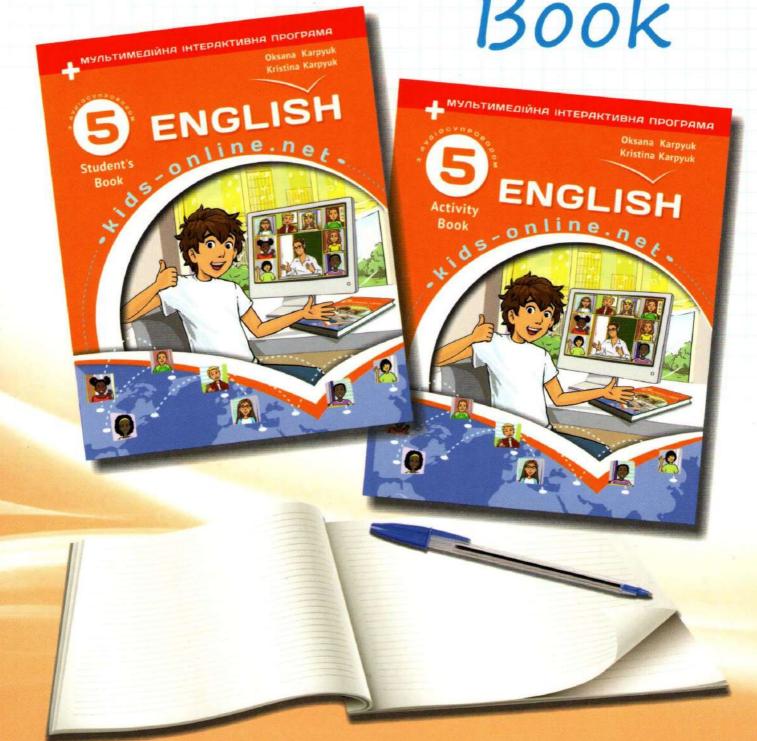
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АНГЛІЙСЬКА МОВА



ЗОШИТ З ГРАМАТИКИ

для 5-го класу закладів загальної середньої освіти

Схвалено для використання в освітньому процесі

Тернопіль

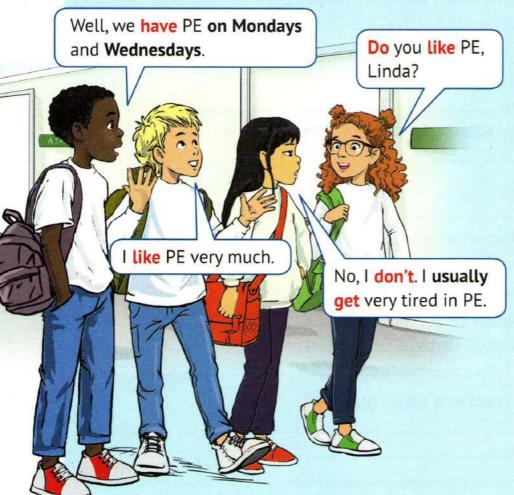
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UNIT 1 SCHOOL IS COOL

PRESENT SIMPLE • ADVERBS OF FREQUENCY • PREPOSITIONS OF TIME



PRESENT SIMPLE

позначає регулярну, повторювану дію або постійний стан у теперішньому часі.

Наприклад:

I usually **come** home at 2 pm. He **goes** to work. Planes **fly** high.

Цей час часто вживають з

- 1 обставинами часу: every day/week/month/ year; daily; weekly; on Sundays/Mondays/etc.
- 2 прислівниками частоти:
 - always (завжди)
 - usually (зазвичай)
 - often (часто)
 - sometimes (деколи)
 - never (ніколи)

We *go* to school *every day*. They *often play* tennis. She *is never* late. Про формоутворення **Present Simple** див. с. 15 підручника.

PREPOSITIONS OF TIME (прийменники часу)

Прийменник	Значення	Приклади
at	о/у (момент часу) на (свята)	at 6 pm, at noon, at the moment at Christmas, at Easter
in	у (роки, пори року, місяці)	in 2005, in winter, in May
on	у (дні та дати)	on Monday, on my birthday, on 4th May

1	a) P	ut the words in brackets into t	he Present Simple.
	1	<u>contact</u> (contact) my	friends on Telegram.
	2	Sarah always	(use) safe websites.
	3	Tom and Ben often	(chat) with me.
	4	We (do) lots o	calculations in our Maths lessons.
	5	Mark's timetable	(be) very busy this year.
	6	Pete (think) H	story is very fascinating.
	b) M	lake the sentences above neg	ative.
	1	I don't contact my friend	ds on Telegram.
	2		
	3		-
	4		
	5		
	6		
2	Mak	ke questions to these answers	in the Present Simple.
	1 _	Does he like sports?	— Yes, he does. He likes sports.
	2 _		— No, I don't. I don't post blogs.
	3 _		– Yes, it does. My computer works well.
	4 _		– No, they don't. Sam and Ann don't learn French.
3	Fill	in at, in, on.	
	1 L	essons begin <u>at</u> 8 o'clock.	4 Leila has Science Mondays.
	2 I	often go to the beach s	ummer. 5 Jim watches TV the evening.
	3 H	His birthday is 5th June.	6 Kelly never wakes up night.

4 Look at the pictures and write sentences as in the example.







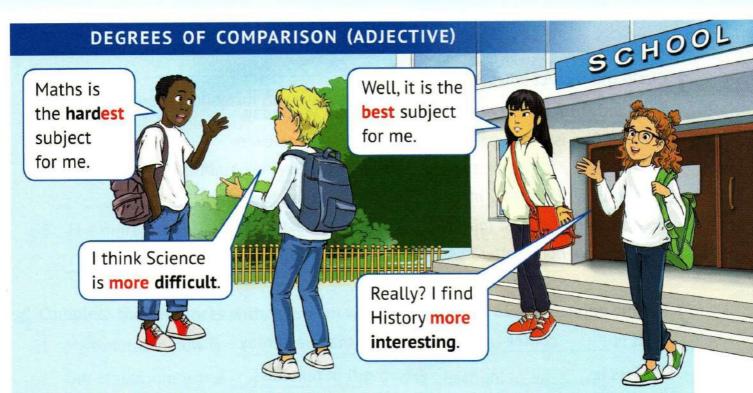
Linda always wakes up at eight o'clock.





SPEAKING

Work in pairs. Tell your partner what you always, usually, often, sometimes and never do.



DEGREES OF COMPARISON OF ADJECTIVES — це ступені порівняння прикметників.

Приклад	Вищий	Найвищий		
1 Односкладові: short hot fine	shorter hotter finer	(the) short est (the) hot test (the) fine st		
2 Двоскладові на -у з поперед приголосним: happ y prett y	днім happ <mark>ier</mark> prett <mark>ier</mark>	(the) happ <mark>iest</mark> (the) prett iest		
3 Двоскладові та багатоскла famous interestin	more/less famous	(the) most/least famous (the) most/least interesting		
4 Винятки: bad good little	worse better less	(the) worst (the) best (the) least		
• Вищий ступінь	• Найвищий ступін	нь часто вживають із при-		

• Вищий ступінь часто вживають зі сполучником **than**: London is bigger **than** Cambridge.

 Найвищий ступінь часто вживають із прийменниками in (для позначення місця) та of: London is the biggest city in England.
 London is the biggest of all cities.

1	Circle	the	correct	ad	ective.
				-	CCCITC

- 1 Mandy looks more nice / (nicer) today than yesterday.
- 2 That film is the *most fantastic / fantasticest* one ever!
- 3 The least / littlest that you can have for lunch is vegetables.
- 4 Maths is difficulter / more difficult for Tim than for Sarah.
- 5 Antony is the most tall / tallest boy in our class.
- 6 It is more hot / hotter in summer than in spring.

Pu	ut the adjectives into the	correct form.
1	It is <u>colder</u>	_ (cold) today than yesterday.
2	Tess is	(short) girl in our class.
3	The USA is	(big) than the UK.
4	This is	(cool) game ever!
5	I think Lviv is	(fascinating) than Paris.
6	This is	(beautiful) place ever!
7	IT is	_ (interesting) for me than Geography.
8	London is one of	(popular) cities in the world.
Co	orrect the mistakes and re	write the sentences
4	This is the goodest pres	
	This is the best pres	
2	Ann is badder at PE than	n Jane.
3	This dress looks gooder	on you than on me.

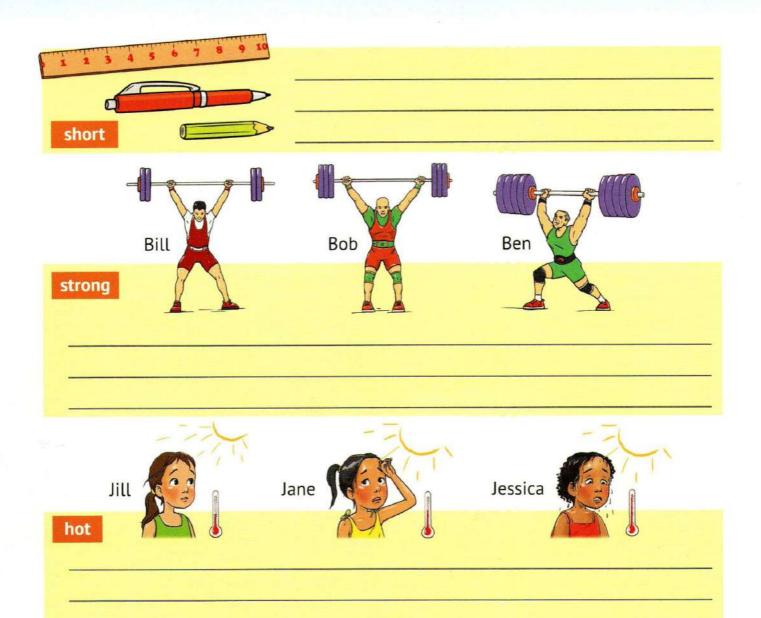
4 Carl thinks the baddest subject at school is Maths.

Look Back

1 a) Tick the co		
	joy learning English.	
	ndy like Geography.	
	and Bill travels around the world.	
	go to the IT club on Saturdays.	
	always chats online.	
6 Dav	e usually has lunch at 1 pm.	
b) Correct an	d rewrite the wrong sentences.	
_		
-		
7 a) Look at the	e pictures and write sentences about	the children's habits.
2 a) Look at the	e pictures and write sentences about	the children's habits.
2 a) Look at the	e pictures and write sentences about	the children's habits.
2 a) Look at the	e pictures and write sentences about	the children's habits.
2 a) Look at the	e pictures and write sentences about	the children's habits.
2 a) Look at the	e pictures and write sentences about	the children's habits.
2 a) Look at the	e pictures and write sentences about	the children's habits.
2 a) Look at the	e pictures and write sentences about	the children's habits.
2 a) Look at the	e pictures and write sentences about	the children's habits.
2 a) Look at the		
2 a) Look at the	Jack	Kate
2 a) Look at the		
2 a) Look at the		
	Jack	

Put t	he words in the correct order. Then answer the questions with your own words
	hat online you Do a lot?
	Do you chat online a lot?
2 y	our mum Does your homework do?
3 w	/ell Does teach you your teacher?
4 b	ooks your friends Do read?
a) Fil	ll in at, in, on.
	My English lessons are Mondays and Thursdays.
	Robert goes to the gym the morning.
	We have a test 10th September.
4	The party starts 6 pm this Sunday.
5	Jim has a trip to London December.
6	I usually have a snack midday.
b) M	ake your own three sentences with at, in, on.
1	
2	
3	

alwa	ays, usually, ofto	en, sometim	ies, never			
Kim _	sometimes	posts blo	ogs.			
You _		go to the	gym.			
We ar	e	late fo	or work.			000000
Tod _		signs out	of his acc	ount.		
Jerry a	and Leila		_ meet in	the park.		
ite you	ır own five sen	tences with	the words	in the bo	х.	
Pete	Ann Ann	-	Pete's Ann's	bag is sn bag is sn bag is th	nall.	
				big	0.0	



Put the words in brackets into the correct form.

1	This dress is more beautiful	(beautiful) than that one.
2	This is	(good) party ever!
3	Star Wars is	(interesting) film ever!
4	These jeans look	(bad) on Carl than on George.
5	This singer is	(popular) than Rihanna.
6	This is	(delicious) cake ever!
7	Sue is	(good) at Maths than Diana.
8	This is	(bad) magazine ever!

UNIT 2 WHAT ABOUT YOUR FAMILY?



PRESENT CONTINUOUS позначає дію, яка триває в момент мовлення:

Наприклад: He is writing a test now.

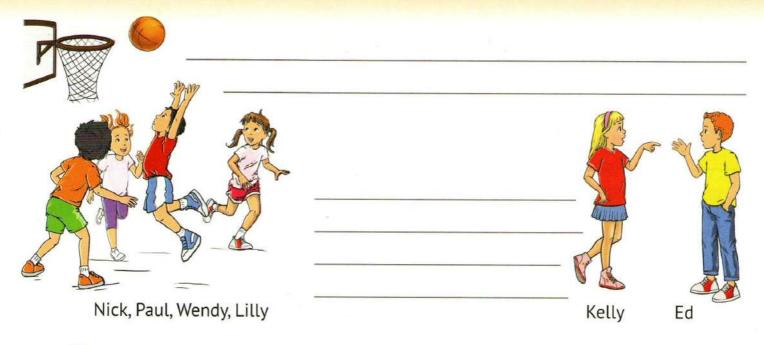
We are working at the moment.

Додавання суфікса -ing призводить до змін в основі дієслів, які закінчуються на:

- 1 приголосний + наголошений голосний + приголосний:
 - stop stopping, begin beginning;
- 2 голосний + I: travel travelling;
- 3 -ie: lie lying, die dying;
- 4 -e: come coming, take taking.

Про формоутворення Present Continuous див. с. 31 підручника.

		EXERCISES
•		Tick the correct sentences. 1 I am reading a book at the moment. 2 Sam plays tennis with Bob now. 3 David are swimming in the sea. Correct and rewrite the wrong sentences.
7	Ch	ange the sentences from the Present Simple into the Present Continuous.
_	1	Rob plays hockey.
		Rob is playing hockey now.
	2	We walk in the park together.
	3	I don't clean the house today.
	4	Phil and John make a mess in the living room.
	5	Diana doesn't do homework in her room.
	6	They don't compete with each other.
3 Jar		Jane is painting a picture. Ryan



- 4 Rewrite the sentences to make questions, as in the example.
 - 1 Sam is reading a magazine.

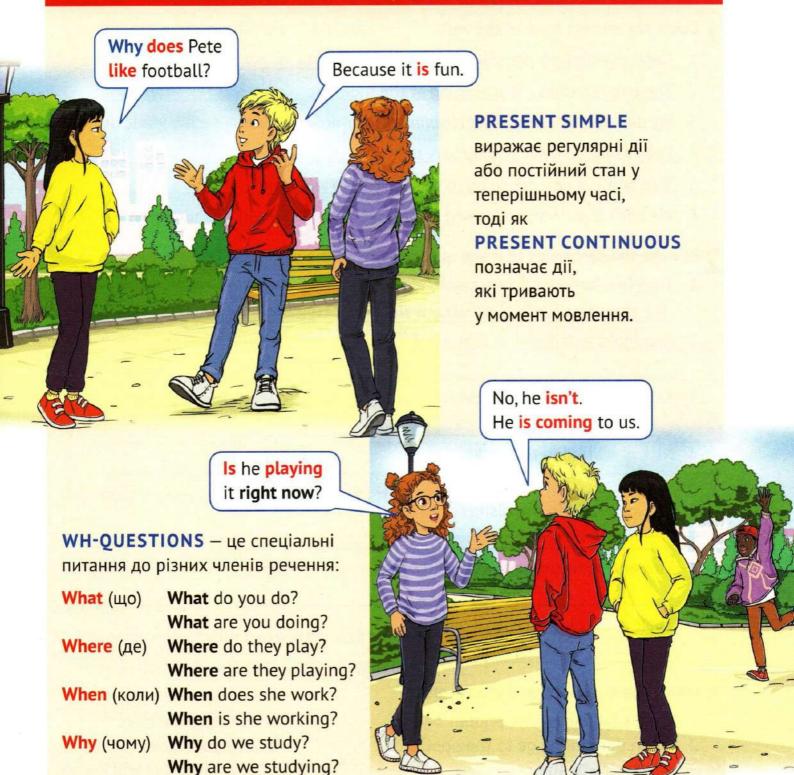
Is Sam reading a magazine?

- 2 George is swimming in the pool.
- 5 You are watching a film.
- 3 Bella is washing the dishes.
- 6 Will and Wilma are working.
- 4 The dog is eating the meat.
- 7 We are skating in the park.
- Write the questions to the answers.
 - 1 <u>Is Rick learning Spanish?</u> Yes, he is. Rick is learning Spanish.
 - 2 ______ No, she isn't. Sue is not talking on the phone.
 - 3 ______ Yes, they are. Pam and Ann are playing a game.
 - 4 ______ No, we aren't. We are not watching TV.

SPEAKING

6 Play the game. Let one student come to the board and act out an action. Let the others guess what he/she is doing by asking, "Are you dancing?", "Are you swimming?", etc. The student who guesses correctly is the next to come and act out.

PRESENT SIMPLE AND PRESENT CONTINUOUS. WH-QUESTIONS



Who (xTO)

АЛЕ: Who dances?

Who is dancing?

Див. с. 34 підручника.

1 Circle the correct form of the verb.

- 1 Detectives solve are solving different crimes.
- 2 The baby screams / is screaming at the moment.
- 3 My dad doesn't clean / isn't cleaning his car now.
- 4 I don't sing / am not singing very often.
- 5 Tom and Ted go / are going to the gym every weekend.
- 6 We don't draw / aren't drawing right now.

7 Rewrite the sentences to make questions, as in the example.

1 They like basketball very much.

Do they like basketball very much?

- 2 Ann looks wonderful in that dress.
- 3 Kate and Kelly watch TV every Saturday.
- 4 Nick is skating in the park.
- 5 You are washing the dishes right now.
- 6 Rick and Vicky play tennis on Tuesdays.
- 7 Their cat is playing with a ball.

Match the questions to the answers.

- 1 Who is talking on the phone? -
- 2 When does Fiona go to the pool?
- 3 Where do you live?
- 4 Why is she smiling?
- 5 What are they doing there?
- 6 Who learns English?

- a They are dancing.
- b Everyone does.
- c Every Monday and Friday.
 - d Rob is.
- e In London.
- f Because she is happy.

4 Pı	It the words in the correct order to make questions. Then give your own answers.
1	likes Who in your family chocolate?
	Who likes chocolate in your family?
2	do study Where you?
3	is doing your teacher What now?
4	Where going you are tonight?
5	go to bed your mum does When?
6	your friends learning Why English are?

SPEAKING

5 Interview one of your classmates. Ask him/her:

- 1 who he/she wants to become (dream job)
- 2 why he/she wants that job
- 3 what people with that job do
- 4 where people with that job work
- 5 when people with that job work.

Then tell the class about your classmate's dream job and play the game. Let your classmate act out one of the actions that people with that job do. Let the others guess what he/she is doing at the moment.

Look Back

1	Ch	ange the sentences in the Presen	t Simple into the Present Continuous.
	1	Sam helps me learn English	
	2	Bob doesn't eat fish and chips.	
	3	Kate and Jane talk about sport.	
	4	You don't play a boring game	
	5	I talk to Eddy on the phone	
	6	It doesn't rain in New York today	J
2	a)	Then underline the word(s) that h	
		1 (travel)	_ around the world every summer.
		2 Dylan (not clean)	his room on Saturdays.
		3 We (have)	lunch at the moment.
		4 Mandy (work)	at the office right now.
		5 Ted and Tom (not post)	blogs now.
		6 The lesson (start)	at 8 am on Monday.
	b)	Write your own three sentences in the Present Continuous. 1	n the Present Simple and three sentences
		2	
		3	
		4	
		5	
		6	
3	Ch	oose a or b.	
	1	At school, of course.	a) Where does Ted learn Maths?
	2	Because she is happy.	b) When does Ted learn Maths?a) Why is Kim laughing?b) When is Kim laughing?



3	- Charlie is.	a) What is singing?
		b) Who is singing?
4	At 10 am on Mondays.	a) Why does he go to the club?
		b) When does he go to the club?
5	– Mr Smith does.	a) Who works as a detective?
		b) What works as a detective?
6	— Our dog is.	a) Who is making that noise?
		b) What is making that noise?
1 Pu	t the words in the correct order to	make a question. Then give your own answers.
1	are doing you What now?	
	What are you doing now?	_
2	specials of subscript special	
2	your friends live do Where?	
7		
3	working Why your mother is?	
٠.		
4	you the chores helps with Who?	
5	end your last lesson When does?	
6	Who is at the moment speaking?	
- \A/	rite the questions to the answers	*
•	rite the questions to the answers.	
1		
	 No, she doesn't. Wendy does no 	ot like baseball.
2		-
	— Yes, he does. Robert reads a lot	of books.
3		
	- No, I'm not. I'm not talking to Ja	ane on the phone.
4		
	 Yes, she is. Leila is exercising ir 	the gym now.
5		
	 No, they aren't. Vic and Nick are 	e not playing tennis
	ino, they arent. The and thick are	a mor playing termina.

UNIT 3 IT'S TASTY!

PRESENT PERFECT Have you found Yes, I have! any eggs, guys? Here they are! No, I haven't. FLOU And I have bought some flour.

PRESENT PERFECT позначає дію, яка хоч і відбулася в минулому, але її результат впливає на теперішні обставини.

Цей час часто вживають із такими прислівниками:

already • ever • just • never • yet

Наприклад: I have just finished my homework. (And I can go for a walk now.)
He has already seen this film. (So, he is going to watch a new film.)

Про формоутворення Present Perfect див. с. 47 підручника.

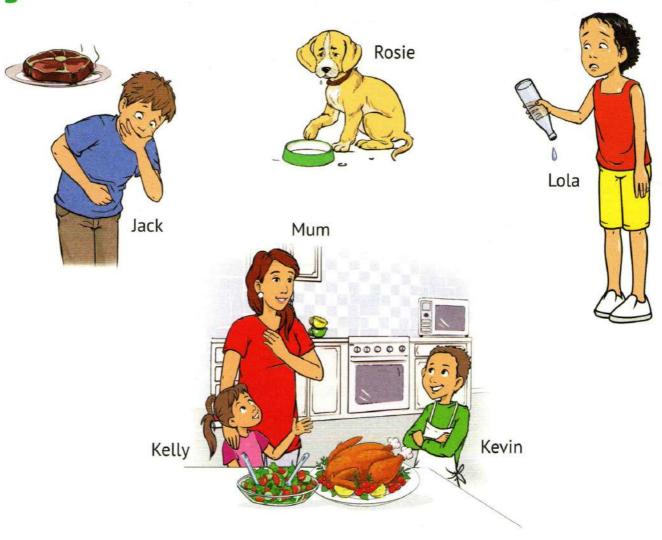
1	Ma	Match.	
	1	1 I have had my dinner, so — a we are very hungry	<i>I</i> .
	2	2 Tom has eaten some chocolate, so b I feel fine now.	
	3		
	4	4 We haven't had lunch yet, so d Sue has got a ston	iach ache.
7	Pu	Put the verbs in brackets into the Present Perfect.	
		1 Kim (have) has had her dinner already.	
	2		
	3	3 We (be) to this great cafe already.	
	4	4 Sam and Amy (drink) some tea.	
	5	5 Ted and Bella (not try) sushi yet.	
	6	6 Our cat (be) hungry all day today.	
Z	W	Write the questions to the answers.	
J	1	11 - 11 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	
	-	 Yes, she has. Helen has had her breakfast. 	
	2		
	_	 No, he hasn't. Bob hasn't made the cake yet. 	1
	3		
)	 No, I haven't. I have never been to this restaurant. 	
	4		
	7	 Yes, they have. Jack and Jill have cooked the soup. 	
	5		
)		
	,	 Yes, we have. We have put the meat into the fridge. 	
	6		
		 No, he hasn't. Kyle hasn't mixed the vegetables. 	

Circle the correct word.

- 1 Rick and Rob have *(ust)* never done their homework.
- 2 Pam has never / ever skipped a meal in her life.
- 3 I have cut some fruit for dessert yet / already.
- 4 Have you just / ever been to an Asian restaurant?
- 5 Luke hasn't bought any eggs yet / just.
- 6 Has Sarah finished her work ever / already?

SPEAKING

5 Work in pairs. Look at the pictures. Then guess and say what has happened.



COUNTABLES AND UNCOUNTABLES

COUNTABLE nouns — це **злічувані іменники**, тобто ті, що позначають речі, які можна порахувати.

Наприклад: **a** boy — **two** boy**s**, **a** chair — **seven** chair**s**, **a** hat — **ten** hat**s**.

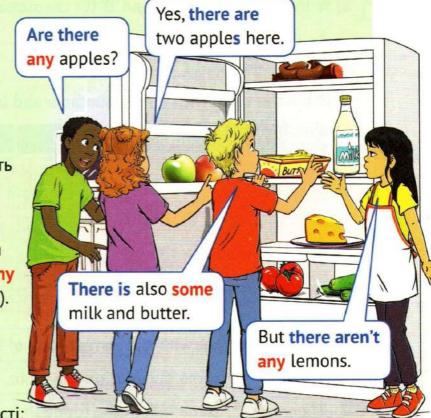
UNCOUNTABLE nouns - це

незлічувані іменники, що позначають речі, які неможливо порахувати. Наприклад: *fun, water, love*.

3 іменниками часто вживають слова **some** (у розповідних реченнях) та **any** (у заперечних і питальних реченнях).

Hаприклад: There are **some** apples.
There aren't **any** apples.
Are there **any** apples?

Між цими іменниками такі відмінності:



Злічувані	Незлічувані
1 Можна вживати з неозначеним артиклем: This is a table.	1 Не можна вживати з неозначеним артиклем: <i>This is rice</i> .
2 Утворюють множину і вживаються з кількісними числівниками: There are five books on the table.	2 Не утворюють множину і не вживаються з кількісними числівниками: There is some rice in the box.
3 Уживаються зі словами many, few/a few: There are many/few/a few books on the table.	3 Уживаються зі словами much, little/a little: There is much/little/a little rice in the box.
4 Поєднуються з вказівними займенниками та дієсловами в однині й множині: This book is interesting. — These books are interesting.	4 Поєднуються з вказівними займенниками та дієсловами тільки в однині: This rice is delicious.

Про Countables та Uncountables див. с. 50 підручника.

1 a) Write 'C' for countables and 'U' for uncountables.

1	U	tea	3	oranges	5	biscuits	7 _	juice
2		meat	4	oil	6	tomatoes	8	cakes

b) Fill in the table with other countable and uncountable nouns that you know.

Countable	Uncountable

Fill in the sentences with the correct form of 'be'.

- 1 There are some bananas on the table.
- 2 There _____ some fish in the fridge.
- 3 There _____ any rice in the box.
- 4 There _____ any peanuts in the bag.
- 5 There _____ some sausages on the plate.

6	There	any cocoa	in	the	cup.

SPEAKING

3 Look at the picture.
Ask and answer in pairs about what there is (isn't)/are (aren't) in the fridge.





1	Ch	oose a, b or c.		
_	1	We have b had tiramisu. a) ever b) never c) yet	4	Carla has drunk some coffee a) never b) just c) already
	2	I haven't cooked dinner a) yet b) already c) just	5	Have they had a picnic together? a) already b) yet c) ever
	3	Kevin has eaten some fish. a) just b) ever c) yet	6	Has Tim learnt the recipe ? a) ever b) yet c) just
7	a)	Put the words in brackets into the Prese	ent	Perfect.
_		1 Stacey (buy) has bought		
		2 Jim (not cut)		the vegetables yet.
		3 (make)		an apple pie for my dad.
		4 Ann and Matt (learn)		a new recipe.
		5 We (not do)		
		6 You (eat)		
	b)	Write your own four sentences in the Pr		
	-,	1		
		2		
		3		
		4		
_	_			The stime of the state of the s
5	9	it the words in the correct order to make	e qu	lestions. Then give your own answers.
	1	you ever Have tried Italian food? Have you ever tried Italian food?		_
	2			
	3	a French restaurant Has been to your	bes	t friend?
	4	a new recipe your mum Has learnt?		_



5	Have had a snack yet you?
6	drunk your teacher Has some water?
Co	orrect the mistakes and rewrite the sentences.
1	There is some berries on the plate.
	There are some berries on the plate.
2	There is any milk in the bottle.
3	There isn't some salad in the fridge.
4	There isn't any apples on that tree.
5	Is there any onions in the bag?
6	Are there any oil in the bottle?
	ok at the picture and write what there is/are on the table or plate, the bottle or bag. There is some oil in the bottle.
_	
_	Turk Francisco
	SUGAT!
3	2

UNIT 4 IT'S TIME TO CELEBRATE!

PAST SIMPLE OF REGULAR VERBS. VERB 'TO BE'

I **celebrated** Christmas in London last year. What about you, guys?

Well, I didn't go anywhere, but I cooked a festive meal for my family. They loved it!



I also **stayed** at home and there **was** a big party — all of my relatives **were** there!

As for me, I **visited** my grandparents **last Christmas** — they **were** so happy to see me!

PAST SIMPLE позначає:

- дію, яка відбулася у визначений час у минулому:
 She finished her homework at 5 pm. They started school last month.
- стан або повторювану дію в минулому: He lived in Lviv when he was young.
 We learned Spanish every weekend last spring.
- послідовні дії в минулому: She **opened** the window, **looked** outside and **smiled**.

Для утворення **Past Simple правильних дієслів** (regular verbs) в усіх особах однини й множини до основи додаємо суфікс **-ed** (або **-d**, якщо дієслово закінчується на **-e** у початковій формі). Наприклад: І **played** football **yesterday**.

They died in 1905.

TO BE є неправильним дієсловом (irregular verb), яке в Past Simple має такі форми:

Розповідна форма	Заперечна форма		
I/He/She/It was	I/He/She/It was not (скорочено: wasn't)		
We/You/They were	We/You/They were not (скорочено: weren't)		

Про формоутворення Past Simple (regular verbs) та питальну форму to be див. с. 63 підручника.

1	Pu	t the words in brackets	into the Past Simple.
	1	l (be)was	in Kyiv last Easter.
	2	Mike (call)	me last night.
	3	Jack (not work)	yesterday.
	4	Kim and Ann (not be)	here two days ago.
	5	Sophie (dance)	with Tim at the party.
	6	We (not study)	last Monday.
2	Со	mplete the paragraph	with the words in the box in the Past Simple.
		be)(2), clean, cook	, bake, invite, not need, start, walk, wash
	Th	ere <u>were</u>	so many things to do before Dad's birthday last night! First,
	I _	the li	ving room and my mum the dishes in the
	kit	chen. After that, she	a lot of food and I the
	do	g. We	to make a cake because my grandma it.
	We	e all	of Dad's friends to our house, and he so
	ha	ppy to see everybody v	when the party!
3	Pu	t the words in the corr	ect order to make questions. Then give your own answers.
	1	you at school Were ye	sterday?
		Were you at school	yesterday?
	2	happy Was last evenir	g your mum?
	3	in the classroom 10 m	inutes ago your friends Were?
	4	with you your teacher	Was last Monday?

WRITING

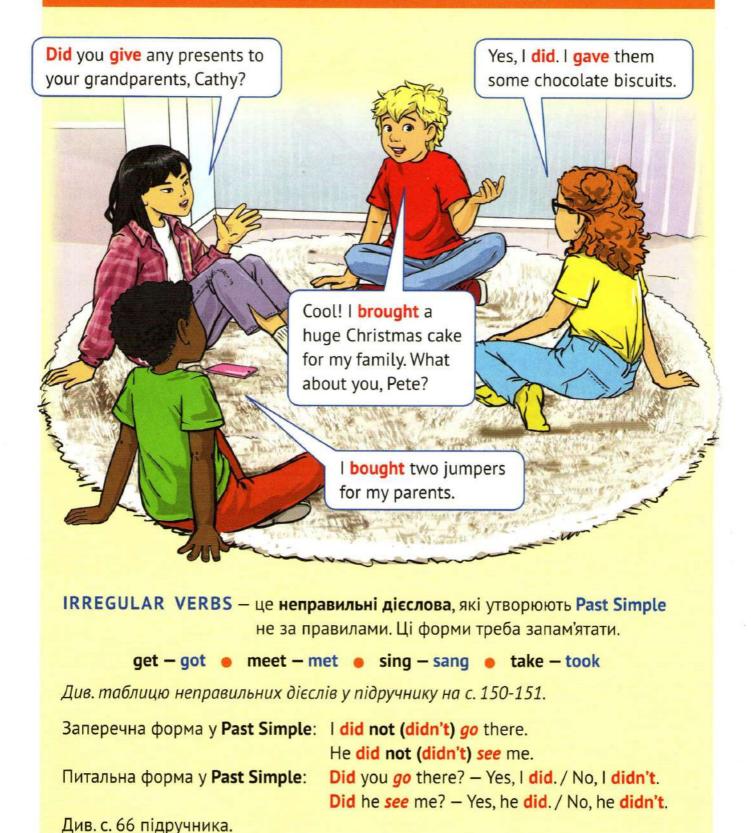
4 Look at the pictures and write what Jim did yesterday. Use the words in the box.



clean, mop, cook, talk to his parents, phone, watch TV

lim cleaned his v			

PAST SIMPLE OF IRREGULAR VERBS



1 Circle the correct word.

- 1 Fred(sent) sended Paul a postcard.
- 2 Kelly puted / put on a nice costume.
- 3 I didn't *got / get* a present from Dave.
- 4 Ned was / were at the party last night.
- 5 We *sang / singed* a birthday song to Ann.
- 6 Tim and Mia didn't *made / make* a cake yesterday.

Put the words in brackets into the Past Simple.

1	I (have) had	_ a really great time yesterday!
2	James (meet)	Helen two hours ago.
3	They (not eat)	any sweets at the party.
4	Christina (go)	trick-or-treating with me.
5	Bob and Ben (drink)	some juice at the cafe.
6	You (not take)	your mask last Halloween.

Write the questions to the answers.

1	Did you see Vicky at the weekend	?
	- Yes, I did. I saw Vicky at the weekend.	
2		?
	 No, he didn't. Rick didn't bring any biscuits. 	
3		?
	- Yes, we did. We gave Ted some nice presents.	
4		?
	 No, she didn't. Casey didn't buy a dress yesterday. 	
5		?
	- Yes, he did. Ed brought a huge cake for his cousin.	
6		?
	- No, they didn't. Leo and Pam didn't meet me last Sat	urda

SPEAKING

Tell your classmate how you celebrated your last birthday. Say:

- who you were with
- where you went
- what you did

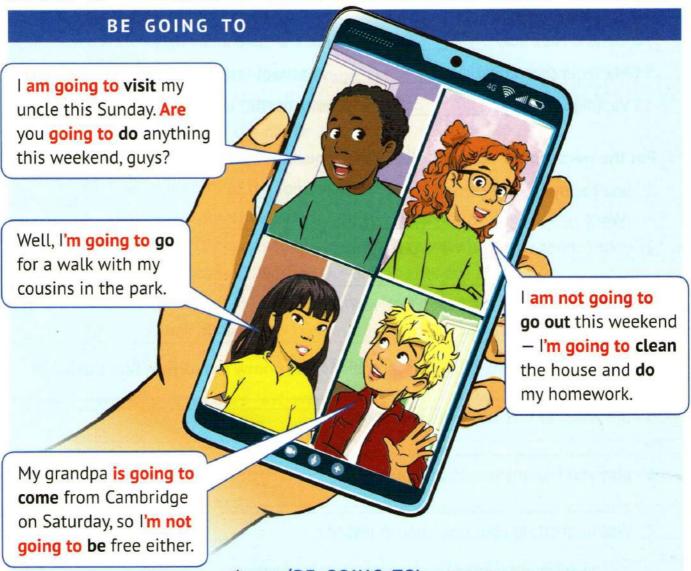
Look Back

1	a) T	Tick the correct sentences.		
	1 I goed to a concert last weekend.			
	2 Henry was with his brothers at my party.			
	3 You was late for the dance yesterday.			
	4 Ricky didn't began her plan for Christmas.			
	5 Tess cooked all of the food last Easter.			
6 They doed something special for Nina last night.				
7 George cut his hair for St Valentine's Day last Monday.				
	8 Dina and Vic didn't washed the dishes after the party.			
	9 Sam and Sue didn't have costumes for Halloween.			
	10 Chuck took his sister to Washington on Thanksgiving Day.			
ı	b) (Correct and rewrite the wrong sentences.		
		1 I went to a concert last weekend.		
	2			
3				
4				
		5		
	2.			
7	Put	t the words in brackets into the Past Simple.		
_	1	Mike (help) helped clean the living room.		
	2	We (play) some games at Kate's party.		
	3	Chuck (be) excited about the dance last night.		
	4	Josh (not learn) any new songs last month.		
	5	Chris (send) a birthday card three days ago.		
	6	They (see) a famous singer at the cafe yesterday.		
	7	Ann (invite) all her friends to her party last Friday.		
	8	David and Lilly (not be) in New York at Easter.		
	a	Vou (celebrate) New Year's Day with your family.		



	10	Joe and Nick (eat)	all of the cake a c	day ago.	
	11	My sister (not study)	at school last v	veek.	
	12	Vic (make)	_ some biscuits for Bill an	hour ago.	
3	Put the words in the correct order to make questions. Then give your own answers.				
	1	you happy Were yesterday?			
Were you happy yesterday?					
	2	your friends with you Were I	last Sunday?	_	
	3	your family go to the beach	last year Did?	_	
	4	your teacher Did ten minute	es ago meet you?	_	
	5	the weather Was last weeke	nd good?	_	
	6	play you Did any games an h	nour ago?	_	
	7	Was interesting your last En	glish lesson?	_	
	8	work Did your parents yeste	rday?	_	
	9	sad your mother last evenin	g Was?	_	
	10	Did celebrate you at home l	ast Christmas?		

UNIT 5 WHAT'S THE WEATHER LIKE TODAY?



Форму 'BE GOING TO' використовуємо для:

• вираження заздалегідь запланованої дії:

I am going to meet my friends this evening.

He is going to play football tomorrow.

They are going to buy a new house next year.

- вираження наміру: She likes music. She is going to be a musician.
- прогнозування або припущення дії, що може відбутися з огляду на наявні (у момент мовлення) ознаки чи обставини:

Look at the sky — it is going to rain.

Stella looks very sad — she is going to cry.

Be careful! You're going to fall over.

Про формоутворення **be going to** див. с. 79 підручника.

Put the verbs	in brackets into the 'be going to' f	form.	
1 (meet)	am going to meet Alicia nex	t week.	
2 Bill (buy)_	a new ca	ar next year.	
3 Mike and I	Mike and Mia (play) basketball together.		
4 It (be)	very cloudy	and cold tomorrow.	
Fill in the sen	tences with the words in the box.	. Use the 'be going to' form.	
be, clean,	1 Bella is not going to live	in the house next week.	
not live,	2 Jack and Ann	in Spain next month.	
not make		a cake for his aunt tomorrow.	
		nice this weekend.	
Write the que	stions to the answers.	-	
	going to swim in the sea?	7	
	n. I'm going to swim in the sea tor	morrow.	
2		?	
– No, he is	sn't. Tom is not going to play tenn	nis with Tim today.	
		?	
	aren't. We are not going to see Kir		
	y are. Fiona and Emma are going		
192			
	Yes, she is. Wendy is going to watch TV tonight.		
6	?		
- No it is	n't It is not going to snow next M	londay	



Видо-часову форму дієслова Future Simple використовуємо для:

вираження раптового рішення щодо майбутньої дії, що приймається у момент мовлення: It's hot. I will open the window.

Look at the ice cream! I will eat the chocolate one.

вираження обіцянок, передбачень: Sooner or later — I will be there.
 People will live on the Moon in future.

Про формоутворення Future Simple див. с. 79 підручника.

5	Put	t the verbs in brackets into the Future Simple.
	1	Ricky (check) <u>will check</u> the weather forecast for tomorrow.
	2	Ned (take) his cousins to Oxford this weekend.
	3	I (not see) you after your lessons on Monday.
	4	Nick and Vic (not tell) me their secrets.
	5	We (report) everything this afternoon.
	6	You (not cook) cook anything for dinner tonight.
6	Fill	l in the sentences with the words in the box. Put the verbs into the Future Simple
		be, do, get, not dance, not travel, not work
	1	Don won't work at the office today.
	2	Leila her homework this evening.
	3	We at the party together.
	4	Bob and Sarah to Europe this week.
	5	Henry some food for the picnic.
	6	I happy to see Ann tomorrow!
7	Ма	ke your own four sentences in the Future Simple.
	1	
	2	
	3	
	4	
8	Put	t the words in the correct order to make questions. Then give your own answers.
	1	buy a new phone you tomorrow Will?
		Will you buy a new phone tomorrow?
	2	your mother Will this week go shopping?

-	the weather good tomorrow Will be?	- Cincolo with the co	
	Jse the 'be going to' form or the Future . Helen (travel)		vords in brackets.
	Look at those cool jeans! I (buy)		them!
3			
4			
5	Let's look at the menu. We (have)		_ the chicken.
6	Carl and Sam (not meet)	George	tomorrow.
	Look out! You (fall down) Take your own three sentences with 'b		other three
b) M in 1 2	Make your own three sentences with 'ben'the future Simple.	e going to' and and	
b) M in 1 2	Make your own three sentences with 'b n the Future Simple.	e going to' and and	
b) M ir 1 2 3 4	Make your own three sentences with 'b	e going to' and and	
b) M in 1 2 3 4 5	Make your own three sentences with 'b	e going to' and and	
b) M ir 1 2 3 4	Make your own three sentences with 'b	e going to' and and	
b) M in 1 2 3 4 5 6	Make your own three sentences with 'b	e going to' and and	
b) M in 1 2 3 4 5 6	Make your own three sentences with 'be the Future Simple. Write the questions to the answers.	e going to' and and	
b) M in 1 2 3 4 5 6	Make your own three sentences with 'be the Future Simple.	nch with Kate today	/.

	 No, they aren't. Fred and Pete are not going to study tonight.
4	
_	— Yes, we will. We will go to the party next Saturday.
5	No, I won't. I won't play football with you.
6	
	- Yes, he is. Jake is going to see Mia at 5 pm.
TI	NG
	rk in pairs.
-	Write three sentences about what you think your classmate is going to do tomorrow and another three about what you think he/she isn't.
	The state of the s
3 _	
3 ₋	
3 ₋ 4 ₋ 5 ₋	
3 ₋ 4 ₋ 5 ₋	
3 ₋ 4 ₋ 5 ₋ 6 ₋	
3 - 4 - 5 - 6 - b)	
3 _ 4 _ 5 _ 6 _ b)	Write three sentences about what you think your classmate will do in ten
3 . 4 . 5 . 6 . b)	Write three sentences about what you think your classmate will do in ten years and another three about what he/she won't. In the end, show your classmate your predictions about him/her.
3 - 4 - 5 - 6 - b)	Write three sentences about what you think your classmate will do in ten years and another three about what he/she won't. In the end, show your classmate your predictions about him/her.
3 - 4 - 5 - 6 - b)	Write three sentences about what you think your classmate will do in ten years and another three about what he/she won't. In the end, show your classmate your predictions about him/her.
3 - 4 - 5 - 6 - b)	Write three sentences about what you think your classmate will do in ten years and another three about what he/she won't. In the end, show your classmate your predictions about him/her.
3 - 4 - 5 - 6 - b) 1 - 2 - 3 - 4 - 4 - 1	Write three sentences about what you think your classmate will do in ten years and another three about what he/she won't. In the end, show your classmate your predictions about him/her.



Zero Conditional використовують для:

- позначення умови, яка належить до теперішнього часу та містить сполучник **if**: **If** I have free time, I go out with my friends.
- вираження загальних фактів, порад і пропозицій.

If it rains, I wear my raincoat.

If you like apples, go to this shop.

If you are tired, get some rest.

Про формоутворення Zero Conditional див. на с. 82 підручника.

	EXERCISES						
1	1 2 3 4	If it is dark, If it snows, If Frank is bored, If you visit London, If Stella enjoys painting, If my parents are tired,	a b c d e f	they go to sleep tell her about th it is hard to see I put on my hat. he reads a book go on a ride on t	e new art club. anything.		
2	Ch	oose a or b.					
	1	If it is hot, a	a) I wear	my shirt.	b) I put on my scarf.		
	2	If he gets hungry,	a) bring t	nim sandwiches.	b) buy him a drink.		
	3	If we are late,	a) our ted	icher sings.	b) our teacher is angry.		
	4	If you travel to Ukraine,	a) visit Ky	viv.	b) go to Amsterdam.		
	5	If they play together,	a) they ar	е нарру.	b) they cry a lot.		
3	Fir	nish the sentences with your o	wn words.				
		If it is sunny,					
	2	If I am sad,					
	3	If my friends come to my place	ce,				
	4	If my phone breaks down,					
	5	If my mother is busy,					
1	Wr	rite your own four sentences w	vith the Zer	o Conditional.			
•							
	3						
	4						

SPEAKING

5 Tell your classmates what you do and what your parents do if you/they are: 1) happy, 2) sad, 3) bored, 4) tired.

Look Back

1	Cn	oose a or b.			
_	1	Look out! You b fall down into that hole!	a)	will	b) are going to
	2	Kim meet Pam this weekend.	a)	will	b) is going to
	3	Oh, no! I see Helen after school today.	a)	won't	b) am not going to
	4	They make a chocolate cake for Ed next Sunday.	a)	will	b) are going to
	5	I think people write a lot in future.	a)	won't	b) aren't going to
	6	It's so cold here! I close the window.	a)	will	b) are going to
	7	Wendy bring her little brother to the party.	a)	won't	b) isn't going to
	8	Look — there's some good pizza here. I have it!	a)	will	b) are going to
	9	We to travel to England this month.	a)	won't	b) aren't going to
	10	Look at the sky! I'm sure it rain today.	a)	won't	b) isn't going to
	11	Sam doesn't like singing. She be a singer.	a)	won't	b) isn't going to
	12	I promise Jay be on time tomorrow.	a)	will	b) are going to
2	Ma	tch the questions to the answers.			
_	1	Are we going to have fun together? —	а	Yes.	l am.
	2	Will Ann and Jo go to the cinema?	b	Market 1	ve won't.
	3	Will Ned wear his costume?	- C	10/10-00 PE 10	we are.
	4	Is Kate ready for school?	d		ne isn't.
	5	Will her friends join the club?	е		she is.
	6	Is Peter going to learn Geography?	f		hey won't.
	7	Will we go to Italy this month?	g		he will.
	8	Are you going to be a dancer?	h	100 CO	they will.
Z	Ma	ke your own four sentences with the 'be going to' and	an	other	four with the
J		ture Simple.			
	1				
	5 _				
	6				



7_	
8	
1 Pu	t the questions to the sentences, as in the example.
	It is going to rain today.
	Is it going to rain today?
2	You are going to call Sam.
3	Luke will meet Lilly tomorrow.
4	We will dance together.
5	Jane is going to cook dinner this evening.
6	Mike and Ben are going to be doctors.
7	Sandra will start the game.
8	His family will be happy to see Paul.
9	We are going to fly to America this Monday.
10	I will join your for lunch.
5 Ma	atch to make sentences.
1	If you meet Fiona, — a he gets very tired.
2	If the weather is bad, b we always visit London.
3	If Sam cooks, c please tell her about the problem.
4	If I don't feel well, d Ted and Nina always stay at home.
5	If we go to England, e she often makes a big mess.
6	If Fred plays a lot of games. f I call my parents or my doctor.



6	Choose	a	or	b.

- 1 If the weather is cold, .a.
- 2 If my parents work, ...
- 3 If you play the piano, ...
- 4 If my cat is hungry, ...
- 5 If my sister cooks, ...
- 6 If it is ten o'clock,...
- 7 If we play together, ...
- 8 If Kim sings,...
- 9 If you see Duke, ...
- 10 If Sabrina is sad, ...

- a) Diane wears a coat
- a) I am always quiet.
- a) we drink some water.
- a) it makes a noise.
- a) she gets sick.
- a) Sarah laughs.
- a) we are happy.
- a) her parrot gets thirsty.
- a) please tell him to call me.
- a) she smiles at everyone.

- b) Diane puts on a shirt.
- b) I scream a lot.
- b) we always enjoy it.
- b) it looks happy.
- b) the food is always tasty.
- b) Sarah goes to bed.
- b) we are bored.
- b) her parrot sings with her.
- b) please sing and dance.
- b) she wants to be alone.

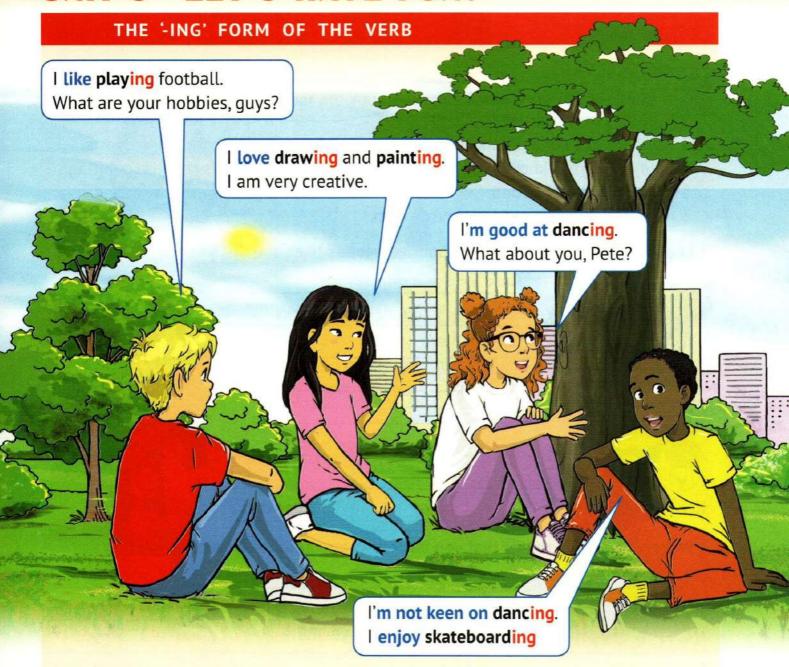
Finish the sentences with your own words.

1	If it snows,
	If I feel ill,
	If my parents are tired,
	If my best friend calls me,
	If I am very happy,
	If the weather is nice,
	If my teacher is angry,
	If I study well,
9	If my friends are free,
	If it is summer,

Nrite your own five sentences with the Zero Conditional.

1 <u>If</u>			
2	-		
3			
4			
5			

UNIT 6 LET'S HAVE FUN!



Форму -ing дієслова вживаємо після слів та фраз, які виражають наші

вподобання і вміння: I like reading.

We love cycling.

She doesn't like skiing.

They are fond of travelling.

Ось низка інших фраз і слів, які виражають наші вподобання і вміння:

to be good/bad at — добре/погано вміти

to enjoy — насолоджуватися

to be keen on — захоплюватися

to hate - ненавидіти

Див. с. 96 підручника.

1	Ma	atch.		
	1 2 3 4 5 6	I go to the gym every day. Stella is very creative. William goes to a drama club. Ted and Teresa know a lot. We are not very strong. My cousins don't go to our music club.	d	They don't like dancing. I love exercising. We hate doing sports. She is keen on painting. He is good at acting. They enjoy reading.
2	Lo	ok at the pictures and write about everyone's likes	and	d dislikes.
	Ric	Rick likes playing tennis. He doesn't like reading book		Ben
K	elly Wr	rite about three things that you like doing and and		Edna
)				amee mac you don a
				i :
) _			1

SPEAKING

- 4 Interview one of your classmates and then tell the class about him/her. Ask:
 - 1 what he/she enjoys doing
- 4 what he/she is not good at

2 what he/she hates doing

5 what club(s) he/she goes to

3 what he/she is good at

PRESENT CONTINUOUS FOR FUTURE ACTIONS



I am cleaning the flat and my little brother is helping me.





My dad **is taking** me to a new theme park *Wonderland*!

I'm meeting my aunt at 3 pm and we are going to the art gallery.



PRESENT CONTINUOUS позначає заздалегідь заплановану дію, але обов'язково з обставиною часу (fixed action).

Наприклад: I am travelling to Lviv on Sunday.

Ed is seeing Wendy at six o'clock on Saterday.

We are going to a party tonight.

Див. с. 100 підручника.

1	Ma	atch the questions to the answers.				
_	1 2 3 4 5 6	What is Billy doing tomorrow? Do you have any plans on Monday? What are Vic and Kim doing tonight? Does Jessica have any plans next week? What is Ned doing at 3 pm? What plans do you have this weekend?		I'm gardening this Saturday and Sunday. Yes, she does. She is going to Rome. He is playing chess with David. Yes, we do. We're having a drama lesson. They are going for a walk in the city centre. He's going to the gym with George.		
1	Du					
4	1	t the words in brackets into the Pres				
	-	Pam (have) is having				
	2	Ann and Bill (play)				
	3	l (go) to th				
	4	Jim (meet)				
	5	We (not do)				
	6	Sam (not cycle)	WIL	in the after functi.		
3	An	swer the questions with your own v	vords.			
	1 What are you doing this weekend?					
	2	2 What are you doing at 6 pm this evening?				
	3	What are you doing next Wednesda	ay?			
	4 What is your hest friend doing tomorrow?					

5 What is your family doing this summer?

4 Put the words in brack	ets into the	Future Simple	or Present Continuous	s.
A: Hey, Sue! What				
B: Hi, Tom! I (meet)		Ann on Satu	rday and we (go)	
to the cinema toget	her.			
A: What about Sunday	?			
B: My cousin Jim (come)	to visit m	e. I think we (play)	
some games in the	park. He is a	n active boy! _	you <i>(join)</i>	us, Tom?
A: Yes! I (take)	my	sister Sue to t	the park this Sunday, to	oo. I'm sure
she (be)	һарру	to have some	fun with your cousin!	
B: Great! (see)	у	ou there, then.		
A: Let's meet at 3 pm.	that <i>(b</i>	e)	okay for you?	
B: Sure!				

SPEAKING

Play the game. Fill in this schedule below (1 activity per day) but leave 1 day free. Then find a person who is doing the same activity or who is free on this day.

Ask, "What are you doing this Monday/Wednesday/etc?" If his/her activity matches yours or if this person is free on that day, look at your schedule and ask "Do you want to ... together?" or "Do you want to ... with me?" If the person says "Yes", write his/her name next to the activity.

Finally, present your schedule to the class and say what you are doing each day and who you are doing it with.

MY WEEK

DAY	ACTIVITY	PERSON
Monday		with
Tuesday		with
Wednesday		with
Thursday		with
Friday		with
Saturday		with
Sunday		with

Look Back

Cł	noose a or b.			
1	Sam b sports. She is not	very active.	a) likes	b) hates
2	Chuck is intelligent. He	reading very much.	a) enjoys	b) doesn't like
3	Ann and Lilly are creative. T	hey painting.	a) are keen on	b) don't love
4	Emma gymnastics. She	isn't very strong.	a) is good at	b) isn't good at
5	Fred learning Chinese. H	le thinks it is very hard.	a) enjoys	b) doesn't like
6	We playing tennis. We p	olay it every weekend!	a) love	b) aren't keen on
) M	ake your own three sentenc	es with the words in th	ne box about yo	our likes
ar	nd dislikes and another thre	e about your friend's.		_
	be good at, enjo	y, love, not be keen on	, not like, hate	
1				-
2				
				ii e
4				
5				
6				
7 D.	st the words in brackets into	the Dresent Continue		
•	It the words in brackets into I (meet)am meeting	my grandparen		ν
	Wendy (not go)			
	Chad (see)			
	Cindy and Helen (not play)			today.
	You (have)			
6	3 /			
	My brother (not do)			V.
8	We (not cook)	dinner th	is evening.	
9	Mia (help)	her mum cle	an the house n	ext week.



4 a) Look at the pictures and write what everyone is doing and when they are doing it.

Jules	Julies is going for a walk with her friend
Jules	next week.
next week	Bill
Peter	on Saturday
at 6 pm	
	Ann
b) Write what you are doing:	
1	this afternoon.
	at 9 pm.
3	tomorrow.
	next weekend.

UNIT 7 THE PLACE I LIVE IN

PAST SIMPLE VS PRESENT PERFECT



I have just finished my homework!

Have you done your homework, guys?

I did it yesterday and today
I have started reading a
new book The Joy of Life.
Have you ever read it?





No, I haven't. But I watched an interesting film yesterday — Cool Kid. What did you do, Mike?

I **played** some video games and then **went** for a walk.



Past Simple позначає дії, які почалися і завершилися в минулому:

I cleaned the flat yesterday.

The museum opened in 1999.

We went to the beach last weekend.

• Present Perfect позначає дії, які почалися в минулому і тривають дотепер (або їхні наслідки відчутні тепер): Sam has been ill for two days now.

We have seen this place already.

I have just finished my homework - I'm free now.

Слова, які вживаємо з Present Perfect: already, ever, just, never, yet, for

• Неправильні дієслова (irregular verbs) у **Past Simple** вживаємо у другій формі,

а у **Present Perfect** — у третій: І **gave** Tom some sweets *yesterday*.

I have just given Tom some sweets.

begin - began - begun

bring - brought - brought

get - got - got

give - gave - given

go - went - gone

meet - met - met

read - read - read

see - saw - seen

send - sent - sent

sing - sang - sung

take - took - taken

write - wrote - written

Див. с. 113, 116

підручника.

	1	Circle	the	correct	word.
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- 1 I have done / (did) some exercises in our last lesson.
- 2 Jim and John have seen / saw this film already.
- 3 Leila has changed / changed her dress and she looks better now.
- 4 We haven't finished / didn't finish our work yet.
- 5 Tom has written / wrote a great story yesterday.

2	Pu	it the words in brackets into th	e Present Perfect or the Past Simple.
	1	Stacey (visit)visited	our country two years ago.
	2	Fred (stay)	at home last night.
	3	William (try)	this new cake already.
	4	The lesson (not begin)	yet.
	5	I (not see)	you at the party yesterday.
	6	We (read)	this book already.
	7	Helen (not go)	to Ukraine in 2009.
	8	Nick and Ann (not got)	any presents yet.
	9	Ben (go)	to Ireland for ten days.
	10) Pam <i>(be)</i>	ill last week.

3 Make your own three sentences in the Past Simple and another three in the Present Perfect with the words in the box.

call, catch, study, take, sing, write

-			
2			
3			
4			
5			
6			

4	Pu	t the words in the correct order to make questions. Then answer them.	
	1	do you did yesterday What?	
		What did you yesterday? — Yesterday I	
	2	When have did you breakfast?	
	3	go Where did last weekend your parents?	
	4	ever Have you England visited?	
	5	your family met Has your friends?	
	6 brought Has any videos your teacher today?		
5	Co	mplete the dialogue.	
	A:	Have you <u>ever</u> been to Lviv?	
	B:	Yes, I	
	A:	Why you go there?	
	В:	I there to visit my friends.	
	A:	What you do?	
B: We had fun in this big city you ever been to Lviv?			
	A:	No, I I visited Kharkiv.	
	<i>B</i> :	When you go there?	
	A:	I there last summer.	
	В:	Cool!	

SPEAKING

6 Tell your partner what films you have seen, what books you have read and what games you have played already. After that, talk about what you did last weekend.



1 Ch	oose a or b.		
1	Mia and Helen b to Italy two years ago.	a) have gone	b) went
2	Maksym all of the tasks already.	a) has completed	b) completed
3	We a big fish yesterday.	a) have caught	b) caught
4	The party already.	a) has begun	b) began
5	This restaurant in 2010.	a) has opened	b) opened
6	I my new teacher yet.	a) haven't met	b) didn't meet
7	They at the museum last Saturday.	a) were	b) have been
8	That tree quickly – it is so big now!	a) has grown	b) grew
	ite the questions to the answers. In the first s		the questions
	the words in italic (курсив), as in the example		
1	When did you go to Dnipro?		nipro <i>last summer</i> .
2		– He saw Bill	at the restaurant.
3		– We met <i>Vick</i>	y yesterday.
4		– They went t	here <i>by bus</i> .
5			
	 Kelly got up at 6 o'clock this morning. 		
6			
	- She went to the club because she was bore	ed.	
7			
	 Rick and Lilly played some games last night. 		
8	8		
	 No, she hasn't. Emma hasn't been to Kyiv yet. 		
9			
	 Yes, they have. Mykola and Katia have finished the task. 		
10			
	– No, he hasn't. Bohdan hasn't taken his dog		
11	3		
	- Ves it has The Jesson has started already		

UNIT 8 WHERE TO TRAVEL?

LINKING WORDS

I'm going to visit China this summer **because** I have got relatives there. Do you have any plans for the holidays?

I want to go to London, so I asked my parents about it. They agreed.



I like travelling around Great
Britain and I enjoy going abroad,
so I'm not sure what to do.

Oh, I've been so many times to London, but I've never visited Cambridge. I would really like to go there this summer.

Сполучні слова (**Linking Words**) поєднують однорідні члени речення і частини складного речення.

- And (i, та) приєднує нову думку:
 I read an article and posted a blog about Asia.
 Sam packed her suitcase and they went to London by train.
- Because (бо, тому що) повідомляє про причину:
 You need to go to the USA by plane because it is far away.
 Carl travelled to Paris because he wanted to visit his friends there.
- But (але, проте) указує на протилежну думку:
 Sabrina speaks English, but she doesn't know Chinese.
 My brother likes the sea, but he is not keen on the mountains.
- So (отже, тому) повідомляє про результат:
 We enjoy travelling, so we are going on a trip to Europe this summer.
 Jim doesn't speak Spanish well, so he is going to Spain to practise it.

1	Ma	atch to make sentences.	
	1	Cindy likes the mountains, — a	but I went to Portugal.
	2	Henry wants to visit Greece, b	because I want to know more about
	3	Tim's parents bought the tickets	trips.
	4	My friends went to Italy,	but he doesn't have enough money.
	5	Nancy likes travelling by plane d	because it is fast.
	6	I always read leaflets e	so she wants to go to the
			Carpathians this year.
		f	and booked a hotel in Washington.
2		oose a, b or c.	
	1	I went to the beach \underline{b} I wanted to relax.	a) and (b) because c) but
	2	I have bought the tickets packed my si	uitcase. a) but b) because c) and
	3	My family likes travelling abroad, we a	re going to Italy next month.
			a) so b) but c) because
	4	The journey was long, we were all tired	in the end. a) because b) so c) but
	5	John has been to Ukraine, he hasn't visit	ed Lviv yet. a) but b) and c) so
	6	Helen is going to China Japan next mo	onth. a) because b) but c) and
3	a)	Complete the sentences with the correct lin	king words (and, because, but, so).
		1 I checked the map <u>and</u> made	e a plan for my trip.
		2 Mia enjoys swimming in the sea	not in the pool.
		3 Ryan wants to visit Italy	the climate there is nice.
		4 My sisters like travelling,	_ I got them a trip to Rome.
	b) '	Write your own five sentences with linking	words.
		1	
		2	
		3	
		4	

WRITING

Write an e-mail to your friend about your last trip to some place in Ukraine/abroa		
Use the linking words (and, because, but, so). Say:	1 where and when you went2 who you went with	
	3 what places you visited	
	4 what activities you did	
2		
	× × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×	



ARTICLE 'THE'

If you don't know where to go this summer, Pete, check some leaflets from the travel agencies we have in the city.

That's a good idea because I want to visit Wales just as much as I want to go to the Alps!

The — це означений артикль, який ставимо перед злічуваними (як в однині, так і в множині) та незлічуваними іменниками, коли йдеться про конкретні речі.

The також **уживаємо**, коли мовиться про:

1 унікальні природні явища: the Sun, the Earth, the sky, the sea, the grass;

2 певні власні назви:

Моря та океани: the Black Sea, the Indian Ocean

Річки: the Amazon, the Dnipro

• Гори: the Alps, the Carpathians (АЛЕ не назви вершин: Hoverla, Mount Blanc)

• Півострови: the Crimean Peninsula, the Balkan Peninsula

• Групи островів: the British Isles, the Canary Islands
(АЛЕ не назви окремих островів: Greenland, Madagascar)

Пустелі: the Sahara, the Arabian Desert

Визначні місця: the Acropolis, the Eiffel Tower, the London Eye

• Нації в цілому: the Ukrainians, the Germans, the British, the French

Сім'ї в цілому: the Browns, the Johnsons, the Ivanenkos

Не вживаємо the, коли йдеться про:

1 імена людей: Ann, Ihor;

2 назви вулиць, міст, держав і континентів: Franko Street; London, Kyiv; Spain, England; Africa, Europe. BUHATKU: the USA, the United Kingdom, the Netherlands

Let's go to Green Street — there's a travel agency near the National Gallery.

1 Sort out the words in the box.

THE	
the Roberts	Alex

Alex, Japan,
Oxford Street,
Canary Islands,
Moon, Australia,
Odesa, USA,
Southern Ocean,
Roberts

7	Fill in the where necessary.								
	1 George is my good friend.								
2 United Kingdom is a great country.									
	3	Ukrainians are a very friendly nation.							
	4	Bella lives in Bleecker Street.							
	5	My cousins are from New York.							
	6	Max wants to go to Crimean Peninsula.							
	7	He told Helen about his big trip.							
	8	Look at sky! It is so beautiful!							
3	Make your own five sentences with the words in the box. Use 'the' where necessary.								
		Africa, Carpathians, Mount Everest, National Museum, Canada							
	1								
	2								
	3								
	4								
	_								

GAME

4 Play the game. Your teacher says some names of people/places and you clap if the word is used with 'the'. If it isn't, you keep quiet. If someone claps when the word isn't used with 'the' or vice versa, he/she is out of the game.



1 Complete the sentences with the correct linking words.

1	Dave <u>and</u> Sue are my best friends.							
2	want to go to Kyiv there is a job for me.							
3	Max was ill, he didn't go to school last week.							
4	Kelly doesn't want to go to the sea she can't swim.							
5	Pete is not keen on camping, his older brother is.							
6	We like travelling both to Europe Asia.							
7	This journey will be long, we can explore a lot of things.							
8	My family often travels by car train.							
9	They enjoy visiting London, they hate the traffic there.							
10 Joe is going to Italy this summer he wants to learn Italian.								
11 Wendy plans to go abroad this year, she needs to check some leaflets.								
12 You want to visit Spain, it is not your only choice this time.								
Fil	l in 'the' where necessary.							
	A lot of people travel to <u>the</u> British Isles.							
	Greenland is where Anita wants to go this year.							
	Hoverla is the highest mountain in my country.							
4	Many people go to Alps to ski in winter.							
5								
	Browns are coming to visit me tonight.							
	Thomas has never been to Sahara.							
	Our biggest shopping centre is in Symonenko Street.							
9	9 London Eye is one of the favourite tourist attractions in my city.							
10 There are many things to see and to do in Lviv.								
11 Ricky has visited Balkan Peninsula three times already.								
12 We want to explore some countries in South America next month.								



ALL TENSES

3 Put the words in brackets into the correct tense form.

		A				
1	Look at those jeans! I (buy)	have boug	<i>ht</i> th	nem!		
2	Ed (not do)	his homework yet.				
3	Sam and Julia (meet)		Frank this afternoon.			
4	If I (be)	_ bored, I (read)	some books.		
5	Wendy (start)	her lesson at 10 am today.				
6	Bill and Jack (work)	at the moment.				
		to Canada last month.				
8	Diana (have)	ana <i>(have)</i> guitar lessons twice a week.				
		В				
1	We (clean)	the house every Wednesday.				
2	Jim (see)	this film three times already.				
3	Edna (have)	some guests next weekend.				
4	The sky is grey — I think (rai	n)	-	÷		
5	If you (see)	_ Fred, (ask)		him about the tickets		
6	Tim and Teresa (make)		a cake	e for their mother now.		
7	Ryan (play)		with his little bro	ther yesterday.		

8 This hat is too big for Dave. He (not take) ______ it.